WAR*ON*WEEDS

undreds of invasive weed species are smothering our native forests, wetlands and coastal areas, harming our wildlife and transforming our natural landscapes. Many are attractive-looking plants that have escaped from the garden to invade our bush and forests.



There are 12 problem weeds that you and your community can join forces to help us bring under control:



→ Spreads into dense thickets and outcompetes native plants



Woolly nightshade Solanum mauritianum

→ Fast growing shrub/small tree; dense growth blocks out light slowing regeneration



Buddleia Buddleja davidii

→ Small tree takes over threatened habitats and riverbeds



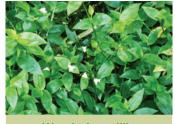
Wild ginger Hedychium gardnerianum

→ Quickly spreads in dense thickets, blocking light and choking native plants



English ivy Hedera helix

→ Clings and climbs across lowland forest, coastlines, cliffs and tussockland



Wandering willie *Tradescantia fluminensis*

→ Smothers ground in shady forest areas, preventing native seedlings from establishing



Periwinkle Vinca major, Vinca minor

→ Dense mats cover the ground crowding out all other plants



Climbing asparagus Asparagus scandens

→ Covers forest floor and smothers soft-barked shrubs and trees



Old man's beard Clematis vitalba

→ Lowland forest invasive climber, dominating the tree canopy and completely smothering trees



Moth plant *Araujia hortorum*

→ Vine invades lowland forest, climbing over trees and forest canopies



Banana passionfruit Passiflora tarminiana, P. tripartita

→ Rampant vines form large masses in forest canopy, blocking light and smothering native plants



Spartina
Spartina alterniflora, S. anglica,
Spartina x townsendii

→ Thicket grass chokes estuaries and rivers, traps sediment, drains water and destroys habitats

The Department of Conservation needs your help to wage a *War on Weeds* that are threatening our precious plants, places and wildlife. For more information visit: www.doc.govt.nz/waronweeds



