



# Government's Action Plan for New Zealand - Quarter 2

 <b>REBUILD THE ECONOMY AND EASE THE COST OF LIVING</b>		
1	Pass a Budget that reduces wasteful spending and takes pressure off inflation.	
2	Legislate for personal income tax relief.	
3	Legislate to introduce the FamilyBoost childcare tax credit.	
4	Finalise the Government Policy Statement on Land Transport, freezing fuel tax until the end of 2026 and delivering significant investment for transport.	
5	Take decisions to implement the Going for Housing Growth plan while making the MDRS optional for councils.	 *
6	Respond to the independent review of Kāinga Ora's financial situation, procurement, and asset management.	
7	Introduce legislation to improve the rental market.	
8	Release draft plan to ease restrictions on building materials from overseas for public consultation.	
9	Take decisions on measures to increase investment in renewable electricity generation.	 *
10	Introduce legislation to amend the RMA to clarify application of National Policy Statement on Freshwater Management in relation to individual consent for freshwater and to extend marine farm consent.	
11	Introduce legislation to suspend the requirement on councils to identify and adopt new Significant Natural Areas.	
12	Finalise policy to keep agriculture out of the ETS.	
13	Commence an independent review of the methane science and targets for consistency with no additional warming from agricultural methane emissions.	
14	Reform the CCCFA regime to improve access to credit for home buyers.	
15	Initiate the first regulatory sector review.	
16	Take decisions on the scope of the extension to the Covid-19 inquiry.	
17	Take decisions on reform of the Holidays Act.	
18	Raise the energy New Zealand brings to key relationships through international engagements, focussing on our traditional partners, the Pacific, and South East and South Asia.	
19	Take decisions on the removal of the ban on offshore oil and gas exploration.	
20	Commission a study into New Zealand's fuel security, including investigating the feasibility of reopening the Marsden Point Oil Refinery.	

21	Establish a Regional Infrastructure Fund.	<b>DONE</b>
<b>✓ RESTORE LAW AND ORDER</b>		
22	Progress legislation to improve rehabilitation, reintegration and safety outcomes in the corrections system, including by extending eligibility to offence-based rehabilitation programmes to remand prisoners.	<b>DONE</b>
23	Take decisions to restore Three Strikes.	<b>DONE</b>
24	Launch a review of the firearms registry.	<b>DONE</b>
25	Take decisions on establishing a Youth Serious Offender Category and making Youth Military Academies a standalone sentencing option for the Youth Court.	<b>DONE</b>
<b>✓ DELIVER BETTER PUBLIC SERVICES</b>		
26	Set targets for improving public service outcomes.	<b>DONE</b>
27	Take decisions on the rollout of structured literacy for year 1-3 students, including a phonics check.	<b>DONE</b>
28	Take action to strengthen teacher training, including refocusing Professional Learning and Development for teachers on numeracy, literacy and assessment.	<b>DONE</b>
29	Take action to develop standardised assessment and regular reporting to parents.	<b>DONE</b> *
30	Introduce legislation to reintroduce charter schools.	<b>DONE</b>
31	Launch an Attendance Action Plan and introduce the first phase of initiatives to lift school attendance.	<b>DONE</b>
32	Take decisions to disestablish Te Pūkenga and consult on a proposed replacement model.	Decisions taken, consultation to begin shortly.
33	Issue a new Government Policy Statement on Health, setting the government's priorities for the health system for the next three years.	<b>DONE</b>
34	Take decisions to streamline the Medsafe approval process.	<b>DONE</b>
35	Take decisions to tighten controls on youth vaping.	<b>DONE</b>
36	Take decisions on the repeal of Section 7AA of the Oranga Tamariki Act.	<b>DONE</b>

\*Details to be announced